
pydirtygrid Documentation

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This is an affiliated package for the AstroPy package. The documentation for this package is here:

PyDirtyGrid

Code to access and work on the DirtyGrid set of stellar population/dust RT models.

Uses the astropy affiliated package template

Repository

Github: <<https://github.com/karllark/pydirtygrid>>

DirtyGrid Data

The DirtyGrid is provide as a large hd5f file. This file provides photometry in a number of bands.

Location: <<https://stsci.box.com/v/dirtygrid>>

Reference API

pydirtygrid.PhotDG Module

Classes

<code>PhotDG([datafile])</code>	Read in the DirtyGrid cube from a HDF5 file
---------------------------------	---

PhotDG

`class pydirtygrid.PhotDG.PhotDG(datafile='data/dirtygrid_29mar17.hdf5')`
Read in the DirtyGrid cube from a HDF5 file

Returns

(self.)`seds`: a list that grows with the SED you choose to extract

(self.)`dgrid`: the HDF5 file: with attributes corresponding to the
parameters values; with each dataset corresponding to each band

Methods Summary

<code>findIndexFromParams(grain, geom, sf_type, ...)</code>	Give a set of parameters and find where they will be stored in the
<code>photAddNew(wave0, band_name, newcube[, datafile])</code>	Create the new dataset and add it to the file
<code>photGet(grain, geom, sf_type, metal, age, ...)</code>	Save photometry points given a set of parameters.
<code>photPlot([ind])</code>	Plot photometry points, either giving a specific set of bands, or all
<code>print_parameters()</code>	

Methods Documentation

`findIndexFromParams(grain, geom, sf_type, metal, age, sfr, tau)`

Give a set of parameters and find where they will be stored in the DirtyGrid cube

Parameters

grain: string

type of grain

geom: string

```
    geometry
sf_type: string
    star formation type
metal: float
    metallicity
age: float
    age of the stellar population
sfr: float
    star formation rate
tau: float
    optical depth
```

Returns

```
indgt, indgm, indst, indmt, indsa, indsr, indta: integers
the corresponding indices
```

```
photAddNew(wave0, band_name, newcube, datafile='data/dirtygrid_29mar17.hdf5')
```

Create the new dataset and add it to the file

Parameters

```
wave0: float
```

central wavelength of the new filter

```
band_name: string
```

name of the new filter

```
newcube: array(3, 6, 2, 5, 50, 29, 25) (float)
```

new photometry to be added to the file as a new dataset

```
photGet(grain, geom, sf_type, metal, age, sfr, tau, bands=-1)
```

Save photometry points given a set of parameters. The function allows for:

- values not in the DGrid parameter sampling, and finds the closest point
- specific bands only

Parameters

```
grain: string
```

type of grain

```
geom: string
```

geometry

```
sf_type: string
```

star formation type

```
metal: float
```

metallicity

```
age: float
```

age of the stellar population

sfr: float
star formation rate

tau: float
optical depth

Returns
seds: save the corresponding SED

photPlot(ind=-1)

Plot photometry points, either giving a specific set of bands, or all
of them either giving a specific index of which if more than one saved, or all of them

Parameters
ind: integer(s) (Optional)
indices of the SED you wish to plot

print_parameters()

Class Inheritance Diagram

```

    +--- PhotDG

```

pydirtygrid.SpecDG Module

Classes

SpecDG()	Read in the mapping file for all spectra
--------------------------	--

SpecDG

class pydirtygrid.SpecDG.SpecDG

Read in the mapping file for all spectra

Returns

(self.)plan: Table

table containing the identification of each spectrum, as well as its parameters

(self.)seds: list
empty list to save the spectra if you want to

Methods Summary

<code>findFile(file_id)</code>	Returns the full filename for a given GID from the spectrum mapping.
<code>findGidFromParam(grain, geom, sf_type, ...)</code>	Returns the GID given a set of parameters
<code>findParamsFromGid(thisgid)</code>	Returns the parameter values for a given GID
<code>spec2Phot(trans_curve, trans_waves, wave0[, ...])</code>	Compute the new photometry
<code>specGet(filename)</code>	Save a spectrum from the filename
<code>specPlot([ind])</code>	Plot SEDs, either giving a specific index of which if more than

Methods Documentation

`findFile(file_id)`

Returns the full filename for a given GID from the spectrum mapping.

Returns

filepath+filename: string

the absolute path and name of the .fits file

`findGidFromParam(grain, geom, sf_type, metal, age, sfr, tau)`

Returns the GID given a set of parameters (If you want to plot or something)

Parameters

grain: string

type of grain

geom: string

geometry

sf_type: string

star formation type

metal: float

metallicity

age: float

age of the stellar population

sfr: float

star formation rate

tau: float

optical depth

Returns

file_gid: string

identification number of the spectrum with the given set
of parameters

findParamsFromGid(thisgid)

Returns the parameter values for a given GID (Used later to update the cube)

Parameters

thisgid: string

identification number of the spectrum

Returns

thisgt, thisgm, thissf, thismt, thissa, thissr, thista: integers

indices of the parameter values for the given spectrum,

in the multidimensional photometry cube

spec2Phot(trans_curve, trans_waves, wave0, energy=1)

Compute the new photometry

Parameters

trans_curve: array

transmission curve of the new filter /!Already read, as an array

trans_waves: array

wavelengths of the new filter

wave0: float

center/effective wavelength of the new filter

energy: integer (Optional)

specification for integration with energy(=1, default) or photons

Returns

newcube: array(3, 6, 2, 5, 50, 29, 25) (float)

new photometry cube

specGet(filename)

Save a spectrum from the filename

Parameters

filename: string

absolute path to the spectrum you want to read

Returns

(self.)seds: list

update the list to add the SED

(self.)waves: array

the wavelengths to the SED

specPlot(ind=-1)

Plot SEDs, either giving a specific index of which if more than one saved, or all of them

Parameters

ind: integer(s) (Optional)

indices of the SED you wish to plot

Class Inheritance Diagram

SpecDG

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